



POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY

Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

Cindy Byrd, CPA

State Auditor & Inspector

POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

February 6, 2025

TO THE CITIZENS OF POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Transmitted herewith is the audit of Pottawatomie County, Oklahoma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The audit was conducted in accordance with 19 O.S. § 171.

A report of this type can be critical in nature. Failure to report commendable features in the accounting and operating procedures of the entity should not be interpreted to mean that they do not exist.

The goal of the State Auditor and Inspector is to promote accountability and fiscal integrity in state and local government. Maintaining our independence as we provide this service to the taxpayers of Oklahoma is of utmost importance.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during our engagement.

This report is a public document pursuant to the Oklahoma Open Records Act (51 O.S. § 24A.1 et seq.) and shall be open to any person for inspection and copying.

Sincerely,

CINDY BYRD, CPA

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

Board of County Commissioners

District 1 – Melissa Dennis

District 2 – Randy Thomas

District 3 – Eddie Stackhouse

County Assessor

Leona Satterfield

County Clerk

Raeshel Flewallen

County Sheriff

Michael D. Booth

County Treasurer

Wendy Magnus

Court Clerk

Valerie Ueltzen

District Attorney

Allan Grubb

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Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

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Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE OFFICERS OF POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statement

Opinion

We have audited the total—all county funds on the accompanying regulatory basis Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of Pottawatomie County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the regulatory basis total receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances for all county funds of Pottawatomie County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Title 19 O.S. § 171 of Oklahoma Statutes described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP) section of our report, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the financial position of Pottawatomie County as of June 30, 2022, or changes in financial position for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of Pottawatomie County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by Pottawatomie County using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. GAAP to meet the requirements of the State of Oklahoma. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and U.S. GAAP, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, and for determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Pottawatomie County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pottawatomie County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Pottawatomie County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the total of all county funds on the financial statement. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statement. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statement.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2025, on our consideration of Pottawatomie County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pottawatomie County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CINDY BYRD, CPA

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

January 27, 2025



POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Beginning Cash Balances July 1, 2021	Receipts Apportioned	Disbursements	Ending Cash Balances June 30, 2022
County Funds:				
County General	\$ 2,342,568	\$ 5,652,305	\$ 5,492,906	\$ 2,501,967
County Highway Unrestricted	1,803,607	4,324,393	4,311,657	1,816,343
Health	1,647,743	1,122,289	961,320	1,808,712
Resale Property	581,922	565,717	435,032	712,607
Sheriff Service Fee	74,153	190,594	183,541	81,206
Road and Bridges-ST	5,099,460	6,101,429	5,233,220	5,967,669
Rural Fire-ST	1,807,995	696,686	306,525	2,198,156
Emergency Management-ST	560,392	420,785	125,772	855,405
Economic Development-ST	923,720	200,719	178,884	945,555
Extension-ST	801,837	273,942	210,982	864,797
Soil Conservation-ST	77,386	98,655	81,916	94,125
Fair Maintenance-ST	169,019	99,068	89,501	178,586
Senior Citizens-ST	410,481	198,625	94,529	514,577
School Sales Tax	6,360,957	4,842,537	2,328,001	8,875,493
Jail-ST	184,553	1,966,804	1,983,094	168,263
Use Tax-ST	12,488,840	2,928,660	4,480,310	10,937,190
County Sinking	46,764	-	-	46,764
County Bridge and Road Improvement	1,381,768	607,788	854,096	1,135,460
Rental of County Property	1,291,179	732,140	37,600	1,985,719
Assessor Revolving Fee	5,673	8,745	2,699	11,719
County Clerk Lien Fee	340,116	95,098	46,214	389,000
Treasurer Mortgage Certification	21,649	16,564	9,241	28,972
Child Abuse Prevention	18,367	210	-	18,577
County Clerk Records Management and Preservation Fund	404,211	177,067	36,102	545,176
911 Phone Fees	196,818	474,698	583,840	87,676
Reward Fund	5,790	100	-	5,890
S.T.O.P. VAWA (Services-Training-Officers-Prosecutors)				
Violence Against Women	3,824	47,813	45,249	6,388
DA Justice Center	204,615	49,644	-	254,259
Court Clerk Payroll	4,494	194,015	192,198	6,311
Flood Plain	293	-	-	293
National Association of County and City Health Officials	5,012	5,000	4,560	5,452
County Donations	438,623	280,586	6,491	712,718
VOCA	5,842	32,558	35,438	2,962
COVID Aid and Relief	918,762	-	24,736	894,026
American Rescue Plan Act 2021	-	7,073,041	94,001	6,979,040
Emergency Management		5,329	1,633	3,696
Total - All County Funds	\$ 40,628,433	\$ 39,483,604	\$ 28,471,288	\$ 51,640,749

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

Pottawatomie County is a subdivision of the State of Oklahoma created by the Oklahoma Constitution and regulated by Oklahoma Statutes.

The accompanying financial statement presents the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances of the total of all funds under the control of the primary government. The general fund is the county's general operating fund, accounting for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund, where its use is restricted for a specified purpose. Other funds established by statute and under the control of the primary government are also presented.

The County Treasurer collects and remits material amounts of intergovernmental revenues and ad valorem tax revenue for other budgetary entities, including libraries, school districts, and cities and towns. The cash receipts and disbursements attributable to those other entities do not appear in funds on the County's financial statement; those funds play no part in the County's operations. Any trust or agency funds maintained by the County are not included in this presentation.

B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to report on receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Following are descriptions of the county funds included within the financial statement:

<u>County General</u> – accounts for revenue derived mostly from ad valorem tax as directed by Oklahoma Constitution and state statutes. Other revenues include fees, in-lieu taxes, and other miscellaneous collections. Disbursements are for general operations of the County.

<u>County Highway Unrestricted</u> – accounts of revenue from motor fuel and motor vehicle taxes and is designated for those activities associated with building and maintaining county roads and bridges.

<u>Health</u> – accounts for ad valorem tax collections and fees for services collected, disbursements are for the operation of the County Health Department.

<u>Resale Property</u> – accounts for interest and penalties assessed on delinquent ad valorem tax payments as well as proceeds of selling real property in the County which has remained delinquent in ad valorem tax payments for three years. The fund is utilized by the County Treasurer for offsetting the costs associated with the collection of delinquent ad valorem taxes.

POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>Sheriff Service Fee</u> – accounts for the collection of fees and reimbursements for revenues such as process fees, courthouse security, contracts for housing and feeding prisoners, and disbursements as restricted by state statute.

<u>Roads and Bridges-ST</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

<u>Rural Fire-ST</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

<u>Emergency Management-ST</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

<u>Economic Development-ST</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

<u>Extension-ST</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

<u>Soil Conservation-ST</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

<u>Fair Maintenance-ST</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

<u>Senior Citizens-ST</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

<u>School Sales Tax</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

<u>Jail-ST</u> – accounts for tax assessed upon retail sales within the County as authorized by vote of the citizens of the County. Sales tax funds are restricted for the purpose described on the ballot approved by voters.

POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>Use Tax-ST</u> – accounts for the collection of county sales tax, use tax revenue and excise tax levied on the storage, use or other consumption of tangible personal property used, stored, or consumed within the County. The purpose of the use tax is designated by the Board of County Commissioners.

<u>County Sinking</u> – accounts for the debt service collections derived generally from a special ad valorem tax levy and interest earned on investments. There is no outstanding debt or levy and balance will be transferred to the General Fund in accordance with state statute.

<u>County Bridge and Road Improvement</u> – accounts for collections from fuel and gas taxes collected by Oklahoma Tax Commission and disbursements are for the purpose of constructing and maintaining county bridges and roads.

<u>Rental of County Property</u> – accounts for the collection from the rental of county properties to be disbursed for the maintenance of county buildings.

<u>Assessor Revolving Fee</u> – accounts for the collection of fees for copies as restricted by state statute.

<u>County Clerk Lien Fee</u> – accounts for revenue generated from filing and copy fees. Proceeds to be expended as restricted by state statute.

<u>Treasurer Mortgage Certification</u> – accounts for fees collected by the County Treasurer for evaluating mortgages or other liens upon real property filed with the county for the purpose of collateralizing debt. The fund is used for lawful operation of the County Treasurer's office.

<u>Child Abuse Prevention</u> – accounts for monies from donated juror's fees to be disbursed in accordance with state statute.

<u>County Clerk Records Management and Preservation Fund</u> – accounts for fees collected for instruments filed in the County Clerk's office. Expenditures are restricted to activities related to preservation of records in the County Clerk's office.

<u>911 Phone Fees</u> – accounts for fees collected by phone service providers in accordance with state statute to support 911 emergency operations.

Reward Fund – accounts for revenue provided by fines assessed upon persons convicted of illegal dumping of trash, debris, waste, or other substances that may cause fire on public or private property. The Board of County Commissioners may use this fund to offer and pay a reward to individuals offering information that leads to an arrest and conviction. The fund may also be used for special enforcement programs related to investigating and/or preventing littering and illegal dumping.

POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

S.T.O.P. VAWA (Services-Training-Officers-Prosecutors) Violence Against Women – accounts for federal grant monies received to be disbursed as restricted by the grant agreement.

<u>DA Justice Center</u> – accounts for the collection of sales tax to be disbursed for District Attorney Justice Center.

<u>Court Clerk Payroll</u> – accounts for funds from the Court Fund for compensation of the District Court employees.

<u>Flood Plain</u> – accounts for fees collected from flood plain permits and map charges to offset the costs of floodplain management.

<u>National Association of County and City Health Officials</u> – accounts for the collection of federal grant monies and disbursed as restricted by the grant agreement.

<u>County Donations</u> – accounts for donations to the county from private donors to be disbursed for a specified purpose and approved Board of County Commissioners' resolution.

VOCA – accounts for federal awards to provide assistance to victims of crime.

<u>COVID Aid and Relief</u> – accounts for federal grant monies received from the Coronavirus Relief Fund for the reimbursement of COVID related expenditures. Disbursements are for any lawful purpose of the County as directed by Board of County Commissioners' resolution.

American Rescue Plan Act 2021 – accounts for monies received from the United States Department of Treasury and disbursed for responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency and its negative economic impact, premium pay to eligible workers, the provision of government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, and investments in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure as restricted by federal requirements.

<u>Emergency Management</u> – accounts for revenue from state or federal grants for the purpose of providing the County emergency management services.

C. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is prepared on a basis of accounting wherein amounts are recognized when received or disbursed. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred. This regulatory basis financial presentation is not a comprehensive measure of economic condition or changes therein.

Title 19 O.S. § 171 allows Oklahoma counties to present their financial statement in accordance with U.S. GAAP or on a regulatory basis. The County has elected to present their financial statement on a regulatory basis in conformity with Title 19 O.S. § 171, which specifies the format and presentation of such regulatory basis financial statements: county governments (primary only) are required to present their financial statements on a fund basis format with, at a minimum, the general fund and all other county funds, which represent ten percent or greater of total county revenue with all other funds included in the audit presented in the aggregate in a combining statement. However, the County has elected to present all funds included in the audit in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances—Regulatory Basis.

D. Budget

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a general fund and a county health department fund are the only funds required to adopt a formal budget. On or before the first Monday in July of each year, each officer or department head submits an estimate of needs to the governing body. The budget is approved for the respective fund by office, or department and object. The County Board of Commissioners may approve changes of appropriations within the fund by office or department and object. To increase or decrease the budget by fund requires approval by the County Excise Board.

E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of financial reporting, "Ending Cash Balances, June 30" includes cash and cash equivalents and investments as allowed by statutes. The County pools the cash of its various funds in maintaining its bank accounts. However, cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable on the County's books. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements.

State statutes require financial institutions with which the County maintains funds to deposit collateral securities to secure the County's deposits. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged is established by the County Treasurer; this amount must be at least the amount of the deposit to be secured, less the amount insured (by, for example, the FDIC).

The County Treasurer has been authorized by the County's governing board to make investments. Allowable investments are outlined in statutes 62 O.S. § 348.1 and § 348.3.

All investments must be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, the Oklahoma State Government, fully collateralized, or fully insured. All investments as classified by state statute are nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk or credit risk.

2. Ad Valorem Tax

The County's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of the same year for all real and personal property located in the County, except certain exempt property. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor within the prescribed guidelines established by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Equalization Board. Title 68 O.S. § 2820.A. states, ". . . Each assessor shall thereafter maintain an active and systematic program of visual inspection on a continuous basis and shall establish an inspection schedule which will result in the individual visual inspection of all taxable property within the county at least once each four (4) years."

Taxes are due on November 1 following the levy date, although they may be paid in two equal installments. If the first half is paid prior to January 1, the second half is not delinquent until April 1. The County Treasurer, according to the law, shall give notice of delinquent taxes and special assessments by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks at any time after April 1, but prior to the end of September following the year the taxes were first due and payable. Unpaid real property taxes become a lien upon said property after the treasurer has perfected the lien by public notice.

Unpaid delinquent personal property taxes are usually published in May. If the taxes are not paid within 30 days from publication, they shall be placed on the personal tax lien docket.

3. Other Information

A. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The County contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Benefit provisions are established and amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Title 74, Sections 901 through 943, as amended, establishes the provisions of the Plan. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing OPERS, P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. The contribution rates for each member category are established by the Oklahoma Legislature and are based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of contribution rates.

B. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to the pension benefits described in the Pension Plan note, OPERS provides postretirement health care benefits of up to \$105 each for retirees who are members of an eligible group plan. These benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as part of the overall retirement benefit. OPEB expenditure and participant information is available for the state as a whole; however, information specific to the County is not available nor can it be reasonably estimated.

C. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; however, the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of the end of the fiscal year, there were no claims or judgments that would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County; however, the outcome of any lawsuit would not be determinable.

D. Sales Tax

Sales Tax of August 26, 2008

The voters of Pottawatomie County approved a permanent one percent (1%) sales tax effective July 1, 2013. This sales tax was established to provide revenue for the support of various entities in the following proportion:

- 60% Maintenance, repair, and improvement of County roads and bridges
- 20% Construction, furnishing, operating, and maintaining the Pottawatomie County Public Safety Center jail facility operated by the County Public Safety Center Trust
- 7% Pottawatomie County Fire Departments
- 1.0625% Sheriff's Office Emergency Services
- 1.0625% County Ambulance Service
- 1.0625% County E-911 Service
- 1.0625% Additional County Emergency Services
- 2% Economic Development
- 2.75% OSU Extension Center
- 2% Senior Citizens
- 1% Soil Conservation Service
- 1% Pottawatomie County Free Fair/Junior Livestock Show

These funds will be accounted for in the following funds: Road and Bridges-ST, Rural Fire-ST, Emergency Management-ST, Economic Development-ST, Extension-ST, Soil Conservation-ST, Fair Maintenance-ST Senior Citizens-ST, and Jail-ST.

Sales Tax of November 10, 2015

The voters of Pottawatomie County approved a .495 cent sales tax effective July 1, 2016, with a duration of ten years. The sales tax was established for the purpose of providing funding for each of the fourteen (14) public school districts in Pottawatomie County and providing funding for a Pottawatomie County One Safe Place Family Justice Center in the following proportion:

- .49 cents for the Pottawatomie County Public School Districts
- .005 Cents for the Pottawatomie County One Safe Place Family Justice Center

The sales tax for the Pottawatomie County Public School Districts is apportioned based on the average daily attendance of each school. These funds are accounted for in the School Sales Tax fund and expended for the following fourteen (14) different school districts: McCloud, Dale, Bethel, Macomb, Earlsboro, North Rock Creek, Grove, Pleasant Grove, South Rock Creek, Tecumseh, Shawnee, Asher, Wanette, Maud. The sales tax for the Pottawatomie County One Safe Place Justice Center is accounted for in the DA Justice Center fund.



POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL— BUDGETARY BASIS—GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund			
	Budget	Actual	Variance	
District Attorney - County	\$ 70,000	\$ 43,820	\$ 26,180	
County Sheriff	1,481,176	1,480,832	344	
County Treasurer	234,000	232,617	1,383	
County Clerk	399,275	398,666	609	
County Court Clerk	496,304	464,462	31,842	
County Assessor	430,500	392,898	37,602	
Visual Inspection	446,250	387,805	58,445	
Juvenile Shelter/Bureau	45,000	10,608	34,392	
General Government	2,681,479	1,766,286	915,193	
Excise Equalization	5,000	4,551	449	
Election Board	278,355	268,511	9,844	
Charity	15,000	9,665	5,335	
County Audit Budget	114,423	-	114,423	
Free Fair	3,500	3,500	-	
Treasurer School	35,000	34,026	974	
Community Service Program	5,210	5,210	-	
Flood Plain	149,945	114,661	35,284	
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$ 6,890,417	\$ 5,618,118	\$ 1,272,299	

POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL— BUDGETARY BASIS—HEALTH FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Health Fund				
	Budget	Actual	Variance		
Health and Welfare	\$ 2,286,981	\$ 1,234,692	\$ 1,052,289		
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$ 2,286,981	\$ 1,234,692	\$ 1,052,289		

1. Budgetary Schedules

The Comparative Schedules of Expenditures—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis for the General Fund and the Health Fund presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The "actual" data, as presented in the comparison of budget and actual, will differ from the data as presented in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances because of adopting certain aspects of the budgetary basis of accounting and the adjusting of encumbrances and outstanding warrants to their related budget year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in these funds. At the end of the year unencumbered appropriations lapse.





Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

TO THE OFFICERS OF POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the total—all county funds of the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of Pottawatomie County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise Pottawatomie County's financial statement, prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2025.

Our report included an adverse opinion on the financial statement because the statement is prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). However, our report also included our opinion that the financial statement does present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances – regulatory basis of the County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, on the basis of accounting prescribed by Oklahoma state law, described in Note 1.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered Pottawatomie County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pottawatomie County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pottawatomie County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a material weakness: 2022-001.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pottawatomie County's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters regarding statutory compliance that we reported to the management of Pottawatomie County, which are included in Section 2 of the schedule of findings and responses contained in this report.

Pottawatomie County's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Pottawatomie County's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Pottawatomie County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CINDY BYRD, CPA

OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

January 27, 2025

SECTION 1—Findings related to the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Finding 2022-001 – Lack of County-Wide Internal Controls and Disaster Recovery Plan (Repeat Finding – 2011-001, 2012-001, 2013-001, 2014-001, 2015-001, 2018-001, 2019-001, 2020-001, 2021-001)

Condition: Through the process of gaining an understanding of the County's internal control structure, it was noted that county-wide controls regarding Risk Assessment and Monitoring have not been designed. Further we noted the offices of Commissioner Districts 1, 2, and 3, and the County Sheriff do not have a written Disaster Recovery Plan for their offices.

Cause of Condition: Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented to address the risks of the County and to ensure that all offices have filed a Disaster Recovery Plan.

Effect of Condition: Without an adequate system of county-wide controls and a written disaster recovery plan, there is greater risk of a breakdown in control activities which could result in unrecorded transactions, undetected errors, or misappropriation of funds.

Recommendation: The Oklahoma State Auditor & Inspector's Office (OSAI) recommends that the County design and implement a system of county-wide procedures to identify and address risks related to financial reporting and to ensure that information is communicated effectively. OSAI also recommends that the County design and implement monitoring procedures to assess the quality of performance over time. These procedures should be written policies and procedures and could be included in the County's policies and procedures handbook. Further, we recommend that all offices complete and file a written Disaster Recovery Plan with the County Clerk.

Management Response:

Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners: The Board of County Commissioners will work to better document our quarterly meetings with all elected officials to discuss and take action regarding risk management and monitoring.

County Commissioner District 1: We are in the process of completing a Disaster Recovery Plan.

County Sheriff: In process of completing a Disaster Recovery Plan.

County Commissioner District 2: I will get a Disaster Recovery Plan together, and file with County Clerk.

County Commissioner District 3: I will prepare a Disaster Recovery Plan and file with the County Clerk.

Criteria: The United States Government Accountability Office's (Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government) (2014 version) aided in guiding our assessments and conclusion. Although this

POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

publication (GAO Standards) addresses controls in the federal government, this criterion can be treated as best practices and may be applied as a framework for an internal control system for state, local, and quasi-governmental entities.

The GAO Standards – Section 1 – Fundamental Concepts of Internal Control – OV1.01 states in part:

Definition of Internal Control

Internal control is a process effected by an entity's oversight body, management, and other personnel that provides reasonable assurance that the objectives of an entity will be achieved.

Additionally, GAO Standards – Section 2 – Establishing an Effective Internal Control System – OV2.04 states in part:

Components, Principles, and Attributes

Control Environment - The foundation for an internal control system. It provides the discipline and structure to help an entity achieve its objectives.

Risk Assessment - Assesses the risks facing the entity as it seeks to achieve its objectives. This assessment provides the basis for developing appropriate risk responses.

Information and Communication - The quality information management and personnel communicate and use to support the internal control system.

Monitoring - Activities management establishes and operates to assess the quality of performance over time and promptly resolve the findings of audits and other reviews.

Further, according to the standards of the Information Systems Audit and Control Association (CobiT, Deliver and Support Ds5), an important aspect of internal controls is the safeguarding of assets which includes adequate Disaster Recovery Plans. Internal controls over safeguarding of assets constitute a process, affected by an entity's governing body, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention in a County being unable to function in the event of a disaster.

SECTION 2—This section contains certain matters not required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we believe these matters are significant enough to bring to management's attention. We recommend that management consider these matters and take appropriate corrective action.

Finding 2022-004 – Lack of Internal Controls and Noncompliance Over Fixed Assets

Condition: Upon inquiry and observation of fixed asset inventory listings for offices and departments, the following was noted:

- A yearly updated fixed asset list was not on file with the County Clerk in accordance with 19 O.S. § 178.2 for the following offices:
 - District 1 County Commissioner
 - District 3 County Commissioner
 - County Assessor
 - o County Sheriff
 - Court Clerk
 - Health Department

Additionally, since a fixed asset listing has not been filed and the County did not use the Capital Outlay Account, it cannot be determined if fixed assets were purchased with sales tax monies and as a result, it cannot be determined which of these departments are required to file a yearly updated fixed asset list with the County Clerk in accordance with 19 O.S. § 178.2 and perform a visual verification of these items on an annual basis for the following departments.

- Rural Fire Departments
- o Pottawatomie County Public Schools
- o OSU Extension
- Fair Maintenance
- o Roads & Bridges
- o Emergency Management
- Soil Conservation
- Senior Citizens

Although an annual inventory listing of fixed assets was on file with the County Clerk, audit evidence did not exist to support all fixed assets were visually verified on an annual basis for the following office.

o District 2 County Commissioner

Cause of Condition: Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented by all county officers for the accurate reporting of fixed assets.

Effect of Condition: These conditions resulted in noncompliance with state statute. Opportunities for loss and misappropriation of county assets may be more likely to occur when the county does not have procedures in place to account for fixed assets.

Recommendation: OSAI recommends the County adopt policies and procedures to implement a system of internal controls over the fixed assets to ensure compliance with state statute.

Management Response:

Chairman of Board of County Commissioners: We will work to ensure all officials/departments, including those funded by sales tax monies, perform a visual verification of 100% of their fixed assets on hand. We will ensure that the individual performing the visual verification and the individual maintaining

the list are separate individuals, sign and date and file them with the County Clerk prior to June 30th of each year in compliance with Title 19 O.S. § 178.2.

Districts 1, 2, and 3 County Commissioners, County Assessor, Court Clerk: Prior to June 30th of each fiscal year, we will perform a visual verification of 100% of fixed assets on hand, ensure that separate individuals are maintaining the fixed asset listing and visually verifying it, each of which will sign and date and file that copy with the County Clerk.

County Sheriff: Prior to June 30th of each fiscal year, we will perform a visual verification of 100% of fixed assets on hand, ensure that separate individuals as maintaining the fixed asset listing and visually verifying it, each of which will sign and date and file that copy with the County Clerk.

Criteria: Accountability and stewardship are overall goals of management in the accounting of funds. An important aspect of internal controls is the safeguarding of assets. Internal controls over safeguarding of assets constitutes a process, affected by an entity's governing body, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized transactions and safeguarding assets from misappropriation.

Title 19 O.S. § 178.2 states, "It shall be and is hereby made the duty of every county officer, board, commission, or department, and by record directive of the board of county commissioners may be made the duty of any employee of the board of county commissioners subject to summary discharge and removal by the board, to conform in all respects and be amenable to all uniform resolutions adopted by their respective boards of county commissioners directing the taking, recording, maintaining and reporting inventories of properties in their respective custody in accordance with the provisions of this act. It shall be the duty and responsibility of each elected county official to create and maintain inventory records of said office. Such inventory shall be filed with the county clerk.

Finding 2022-009 – Lack of Internal Controls Over the Collection of Fees for Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Compliance Certificates (Repeat Finding)

Condition: During our review of the receipting process, the following was noted:

- Fees collected for processing the Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Compliance Certificates in the amount of \$310,000 were not expressly authorized by state statute.
- Fees collected are in addition to the fees set by the Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Authority.
- A fee schedule determining the cost to provide this service was not provided to auditors.

Cause of Condition: Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented to ensure fees collected by the County are statutorily authorized and to document a fee schedule determining the cost to provide this service for the collection of the Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Compliance fee.

Effect of Condition: This condition resulted in the collection of fees that were not statutorily authorized and could result in inaccurate records, incomplete information, or in misappropriation of assets.

Recommendation: OSAI recommends management take steps to ensure all fees collected by the County are authorized by state statute.

Management Response:

Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners: Pottawatomie County was acting on advice from the District Attorney to charge the compliance fee. Pottawatomie County has discontinued collecting the compliance fee.

Auditor Response: Although the compliance fee charged was approved by the District Attorney, the compliance fee is not expressly authorized by state statute.

Criteria: Attorney General Opinion 2012 OK AG 10, §2 and 3, states in part: that the Board of County Commissioners has the express power to adopt rules, regulations and conditions and assess a fee, however the fees shall not be used as a revenue-generating measure.

Supreme Court's ruling 1917 OK 447, ¶6 states in part: "The imposition of license fees, having for their purpose the better regulation and control of such occupations, or the use of certain property, is valid as coming within the proper exercise of the police power when they are imposed not for the purpose of obtaining a revenue but for the ostensible one."

Supreme Court's ruling 1979 OK 48, ¶6 states in part: "The amount of such permit or license fee exacted for the purpose of regulation must be limited to the necessary or probable expenses of issuing the licenses and the necessary supervision and regulation of the business so licensed. Otherwise, the ordinance will be regarded as a revenue measure and will be void as a regulation under its police power."

Additionally, the GAO Standards – Principle 1 – Demonstrate Commitment to Integrity and Ethical Values: 1.04 states in part:

Tone at the Top

The oversight body and management reinforce the commitment to doing what is right, not just maintaining a minimum level of performance necessary to comply with applicable laws and regulations, so that these priorities are understood by all stakeholders, such as regulators, employees, and the general public.

GAO Standards – Principle 2 – Exercise Oversight Responsibility: 2.02 states in part:

Oversight Structure

The entity determines an oversight structure to fulfill responsibilities set forth by applicable laws and regulations, relevant government guidance, and feedback from key stakeholders.

GAO Standards – Principle 6 – Define Objectives and Risk Tolerances: 6.05 states in part:

Definitions of Objectives

Management considers external requirements and internal expectations when defining objectives to enable the design of internal control. Legislators, regulators, and standard-setting bodies set external requirements by establishing the laws, regulations, and standards with which the entity is required to comply.



